

Destination

Space Underwater

Designing Underwater Training Habitats

Activity Designed by Javier Montiel M.Ed.
SEEC CREW & CoSpaces Ambassador



In this activity, the students will design and build an underwater habitat with household items or in virtual reality. The Ion Houston has partnered to test their prototypes in The Ion XR Lab .

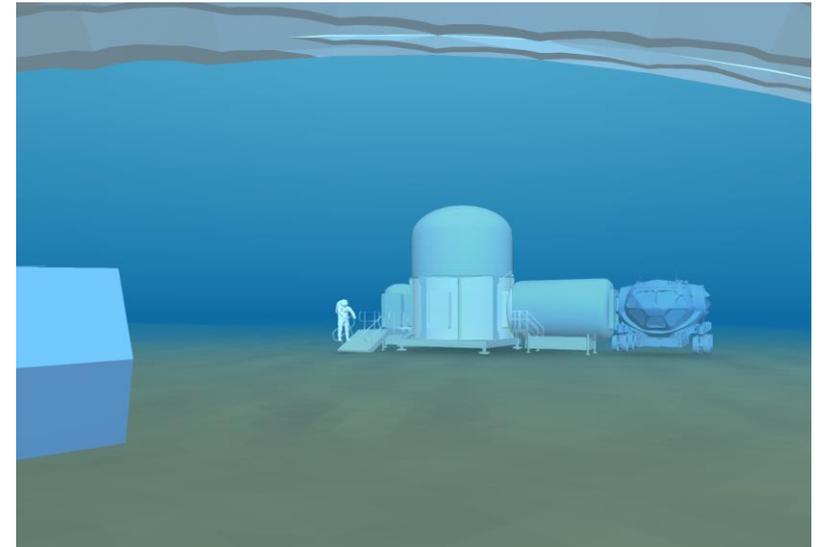
Activity Overview

Designing and building underwater habitats is an activity for K-12 students of different skill levels. The overall mission is to build an architectural sketch concept and a model to support underwater human activity inspired by NEEMO (NASA Extreme Environment Mission Operations).

- **Intermediate**: *The student will sketch an underwater habitat. The challenge is to build an underwater structure that can hold an underwater air bubble. The student can either choose the materials from a list or choose freely-available household items like Legos. (Suggested ages 6-12)*



Aquarius Underwater Lab. 3.5 miles off Key Largo, Florida and 62 ft. underwater.



Mars habitat and vehicle in VR experience

ion

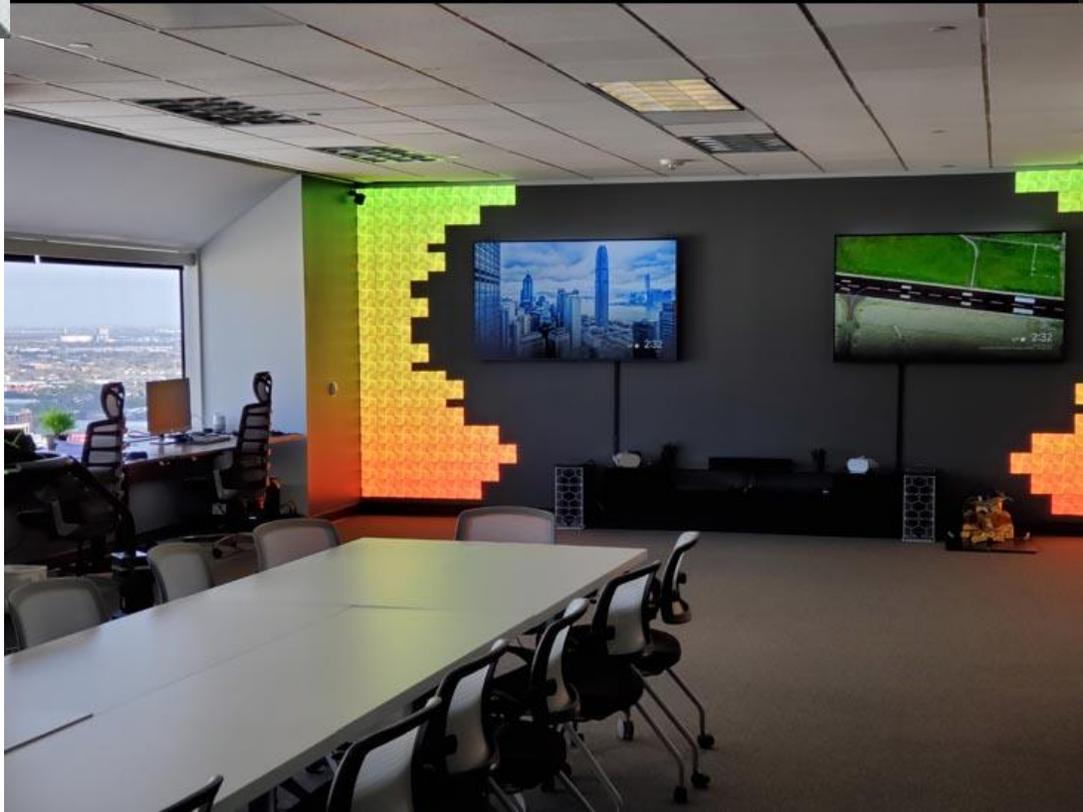
Dare to explore in a professional VR studio



In partnership with The Ion Houston, SciArt Exchange students and participants can test their virtual reality prototypes in person at The Ion XR Lab with state-of-the-art VR headsets.

Come meet industry developers and innovators in this unique collaborative environment and get inspired by tomorrow's innovators.

Once you finish with the virtual reality prototype, if you happen to live in or visit the city of Houston, please arrange to tour The Ion and test your virtual reality habitat.



Activity background

NASA's analog missions are paving ways in space exploration. One of them is the **NASA Extreme Environment Mission Operation (NEEMO)**, where NASA tests underwater space exploration concepts and learns about the challenges of human isolation.

In these analog missions, astronauts, scientists and researchers learn how humans interact in extreme environments and conditions under water. To withstand extreme environments like what astronauts will face in space, designers must create appropriate habitats.

NASA's current astronaut training extends beyond the analog missions to use virtual reality experiences. Using virtual and augmented reality, scientists, engineers, and astronauts are capable of saving time and money in training operations.



One of the most fascinating training programs in VR is the Virtual Reality Training Laboratory (VRL) at Johnson Space Center in Houston, where NASA has been studying the potential of astronaut training since the 90's using VR and simulation.

This program was formed after the Hubble telescope was launched. NASA realized that there was an issue with the primary telescope mirror. At that time, the Weightless Environment Training Facility (the predecessor of the Neutral Buoyancy Lab) was already providing analog experiences with physical tools, mockups and space suits to train the astronauts in these kinds of missions. Since the Hubble telescope was too large to fit in the Weightless Environment Training Facility, a team was formed to explore using VR software and hardware for training astronauts for a repair mission*.

**Training Astronauts using Hardware-in-the-Loop Simulations and Virtual Reality. Angelica D. Garcia, Jonathan Schlueter, Eddie Paddock*

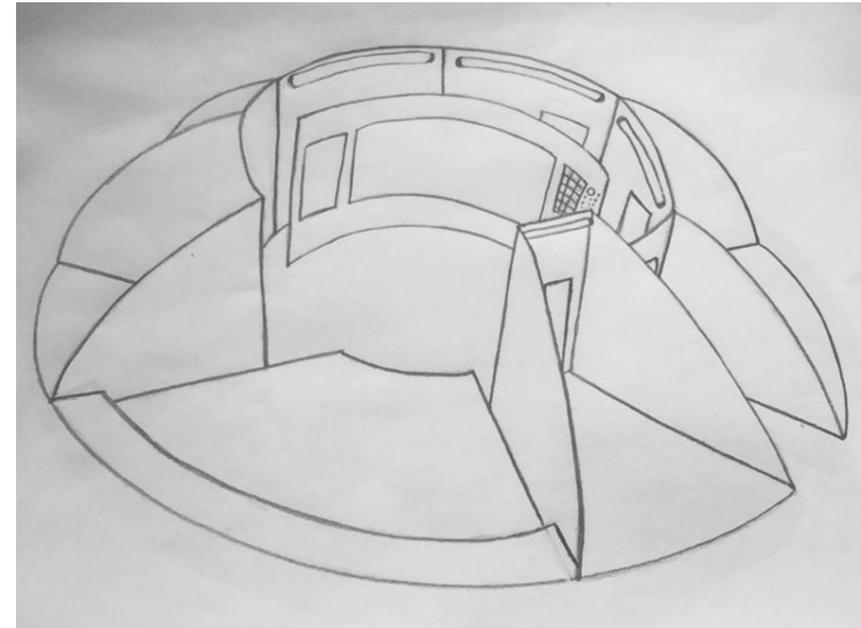
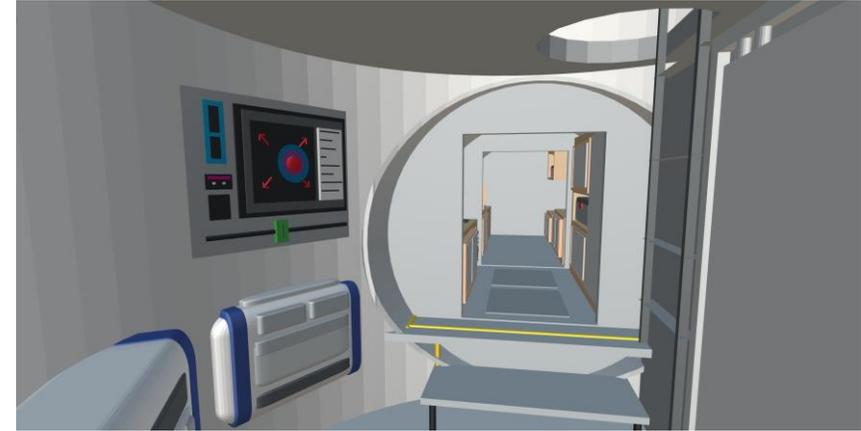
With current advancements that allow for affordable hardware and software for VR simulation, students can now learn first-hand the potential of using VR, just as the Virtual Training Lab team at Johnson Space Center did!

Materials and Method

- **Instructions:** Select your challenge and get the materials.

Intermediate *(suggested age 6-12)*

- Same materials as the beginners
- Clear plastic bag
- Household items like Legos
- Clear water holder



Artwork concepts: Students from Instituto Independencia, Mexico

Safety

- Supervise students at all times, especially if they are using water, such as in small pool or bucket.
- If you are creating online accounts for the virtual reality challenge, make sure to follow the guidelines if the student is under 13 years old.
- If you are working with a hot glue gun, make sure to work in a well-ventilated area and away of flammable objects.

Intermediate *(suggested age 6-12)*

Objective: Build an underwater habitat that can hold an underwater air bubble.

NEEMO background knowledge

- Watch the following [video](#) to learn about the NEEMO mission.

NASA's Engineering Design Process

- Watch the following [video](#) and discuss what is the Engineering Design Process.

Plan

- Watch the following [video](#) to take a tour of the Aquarius underwater lab.
- Take an interactive tour of the [interior](#) and [exterior](#)
- Think about a structure that you could build with the materials available.

Sketch

- Start by sketching the underwater air bubble. Sketch your structure around it.
- Sort the objects that you think are useful for your project. Think about what objects you are going to modify by cutting or attaching additional materials.
- Think about how your habitat will look with the materials provided.
- This sketch will be your plan.

Build

- Remember to start first by designing how to contain an air bubble under water and a structure that can hold and support it.
- Start building your habitat according to the plan or sketch.
- If something doesn't work as planned, make sure to make the corrections in your sketch as well.

Test

- Once your model is built. Use your water holder and submerge it underwater.
- Make observations how the structure supports the water pressure and air bubble.
- Think where you could place small rocks to fix the habitat in position.

Improve

- If something is not working, take the habitat out and identify and make improvements.
- Continue to test and make improvements to your habitat.

Share

- Share a picture of your sketch along with the habitat in and out of the water. Maybe even write a story – realistic or fictional – about your habitat! [.sciartexchange.org/XpandYourHorizon-2020-001-design-your-habitat/entry_form/](https://sciartexchange.org/XpandYourHorizon-2020-001-design-your-habitat/entry_form/)

Supplemental or Supporting Material

- [VR habitat samples from students in Mexico](#)
- [Nasa's Analog missions](#)
- *Tinkercad tutorials*
 - [Setting accounts](#)
 - [Working environment](#)
 - [Manipulating objects](#)
 - [Importing and exporting](#)
- *CoSpaces tutorials*
 - [Getting started with Cospaces](#)



NASA astronaut Jeanette Epps and European Space Agency astronaut Thomas Pesquet, who represent half the NEEMO 18 crew, waste little time in performing experiments and other assignments inside a 400 square-foot habitat housing them for nine days underwater off Key Largo. Photo credit: NASA

Activity Objectives

1. Illustrate and analyze relationships with material properties and shapes to solve problems using physical and virtual objects.
2. Construct three-dimensional structures to solve problems.

Keywords

space, virtual, VR, AR, habitat, NEEMO, NASA, UXD,

Standards

NGSS

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| K-2-ETS1-1. | Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool. |
| 3-5-ETS1-1. | Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost. |
| MS-ETS1-1. | Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions. |